

THE ANCIENT HEBREW CROSS

A Pre-Bible Prophecy of the Doctrine of
the Cross by the Hebrew Alphabet

The Hebrew 1000 Cross

Did God communicate to man a plan for man's destination prior to the Bible?

Most Christians believe, as does this author, that the Bible is the inspired Word of God. But what tool was used to first capture God's Word?

The entire Old Testament was written in the ancient language of Hebrew. Only a few chapters of Ezra, Daniel and Jeremiah were written in Aramaic. What is unique about ancient Hebrew is that it is a language of numbered pictures.











Although the pictures have morphed into modern day glyphs that remotely resemble the original pictures, the numbers, the letter count, the description of each picture and the meaning of each picture remain as part of the modern day Hebrew language.

All 22 letters of the Hebrew alphabet reveal a story of life, which can be interpreted to parallel the story of the Messiah. The last five letters finish the story with a condensed trail to afterlife on the Tree of Life.

Each letter has a picture, the name of the picture, several meanings and an assigned Hebrew number. Each letter of the Hebrew alphabet has an assigned number from the first letter "aleph" (1) to the last number, "Tav" (400).

Before the time of Moses, whom God commanded to write down His Word, the last letter of the ancient Hebrew alphabet was shaped like a cross. (see chart)

Ancient Hebrew Alphabet—Last 5 Letters

Picture	Picture Name	Meaning	Letter Name	Letter	Hebrew #	Count
	Trail	Journey, chase, hunt	Tsade		90	18/666
	Sun on Horizon	Condense, circle, time	Quph		100	19
	Head of a man	First, beginning, top	Resh		200	20
	Two front teeth	Eat, two, sharp, press	Shin		300	21/777
	Crossed sticks	Mark, sign, signal, monument	Taw		400	22


Ref—first 5 columns: "Ancient Hebrew Research Center" by Jeff A. Banner:
http://www.ancient-hebrew.org/alphabet_chart.html


Both ancient and modern Hebrew numbers of the last four letters measure four progressive steps of 100 on the “Hebrew 1000 Cross”—100, then 200, then 300, then 400. (see chart) Divine equivocation tells us that letter #18 is also 6+6+6 or 666, and letter # 21 is also 7+7+7 or 777.

Jesus taught the good measure of *a hundredfold* to see four steps for understanding the kingdom of heaven cross (Mat 13:3-11) and *a hundredfold* for eternal life (Mark 10:29-30).

and others fell upon the good ground, and yielded fruit, some a hundredfold, some sixty, some thirty. (Mat 13:8, ASV)

but he shall receive a hundredfold now in this time, houses, and brethren, and sisters, and mothers, and children, and lands, with persecutions; and in the world to come eternal life. (Mark 10:30, ASV)

 The first step on the "Hebrew 1000 Cross" is a picture of the “sun on the horizon” that is a period of “time.” So, the foot of the cross is interpreted as EVening, who is *the mother of all living humans* (Gen 3:20).

 The second step is the picture of the “head of a man,” which can

represent the “beginning” or “first” step of a journey towards the “top” of the cross.

∞ At the top of the cross are “two front teeth” where one must “eat” the fruit of the spirit of the tree of life as step “two” towards the “top.”

† The fourth step of the "Hebrew 1000 Cross" is a picture of “crossed sticks” that looks like the cross that Jesus died on—the destination.

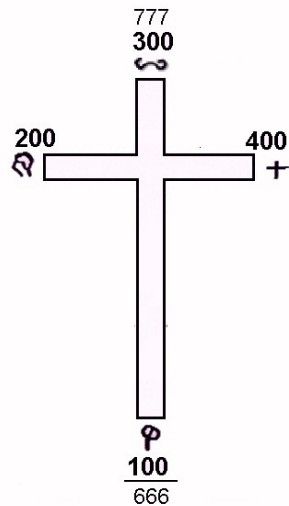
The 18th and 21st letters in the Hebrew alphabet distill to numbers 666 and 777 respectively. Just before the first step on the cross is the 18th letter "Tsad," which is also 6+6+6, or 666. On the top of the "Hebrew 1000 Cross," is the 21st letter "Shin," which is also (7+7+7) or 777. These numbers exist in the Creation when evening, morning and day are counted 666 on the incomplete 6th day when man is created, and counted 777 again on the 7th complete day.

The "Hebrew 1000 Cross" begins with 666 (the number of man) before the foot of the cross and rises through a sign on the forehead to 777 at the top of the cross (number of the Holy Spirit).

The "Hebrew 1000 Cross" has a progressive total (100+200+300+400 = 1000) of one thousand that is used in the Bible many times to represent something of great value. For example:

To Sarah he said, “Behold, I have given your brother a thousand pieces of silver. It is a sign of your innocence in the eyes of all who are with you, and before everyone you are vindicated.” (Gen 20:16, ESV)

How should one chase a thousand, And two put ten thousand to flight, Except their Rock had sold them, And Jehovah had delivered them up? (Deut 32:30, ASV)



Hebrew 1000 Cross

Jehovah, the God of your fathers, make you a thousand times as many as ye are, and bless you, as he hath promised you! (Deut 1:11, ASV)

Know therefore that Jehovah thy God, he is God, the faithful God, who keepeth covenant and lovingkindness with them that love him and keep his commandments to a thousand generations, (Deut 7:9, ASV)

And the king went to Gibeon to sacrifice there; for that was the great high place: a thousand burnt-offerings did Solomon offer upon that altar. (1 Kings 3:4, ASV)

There came against the land Pul the king of Assyria; and Menahem gave Pul a thousand talents of silver, that his hand might be with him to confirm the kingdom in his hand. (2 Kings 15:19, ASV)

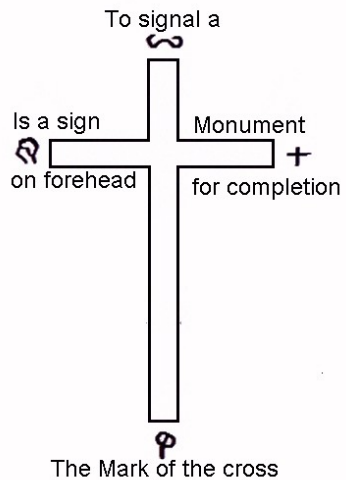
And he laid hold on the dragon, the old serpent, which is the Devil and Satan, and bound him for a thousand years, (Rev 20:2, ASV)

Blessed and holy is he that hath part in the first resurrection: over these the second death hath no power; but they shall be priests of God and of Christ, and shall reign with him a thousand years. (Rev 20:6, ASV)

The "Hebrew 1000 Cross" has great value measured by four progressive steps of 100 with a total of 1000 for all steps.

One unusual feature of the Hebrew alphabet is that there are two or three different meanings for each letter. The last letter picturing the cross, however, has four meanings for four steps on the cross.—mark, sign, signal and monument. (see chart)

Four meanings of the last letter **+** of the Hebrew alphabet emphatically proclaim the Mark of the cross is a Sign on the forehead that Signals a Monument for completion of the "Ancient Hebrew Cross."



Ancient Hebrew Cross